Answer Key

CHEM 3311-100

Exam 2, October 21, 2010

Time: 2 Hours

By printing my name below, I pledge that

"On my honor, as a University of Colorado-Boulder student, I have neither given nor received unauthorized assistance on this work."

Your Name (PRINTED IN CAPITAL LETTERS)

Last Name		First Name	Middle Initial
Your CU Student ID # (N	I <u>OT</u> Your Social Security N	lumber)	
Your Recitation TA's Na	me		
Last Name		First Name	if missing or incorrect]
Circle Your Recitation	on Day & Time [-1 if n	nissing or incorrect]	
Mon 8 AM (Denman)	Tues 8 AM (Denman)	Wed 8 AM (Denman)	Thurs 8 AM (Manion)
Mon 2 PM (Moran)	Tues 5 PM (Manion)	Wed 8AM (Hartwig)	
Mon 5 PM (Denman)		Wed 11 AM (Denman)	
		Wed 12 PM (Hartwig)	
		Wed 5 PM (Denman)	
Grading Details			
Page # (Question #s) 2 (Q 1)	Points Poss 20	sible P	oints Earned
3 (Q 2)	14		<u>_</u>
4 (Q 3)	15	_	
5 (Q 4A)	20		
6 (Q 4B)	20	_	
7 (Q 5)	11	•	·
	TOTAL SO	CORE (out of 100)	
General Instructions		· / <u>-</u>	

- (1) This is a CLOSED BOOK exam; nothing is allowed except a few pencils or pens, eraser, and student ID.
- (2) Please WRITE LEGIBLY & CLEARLY; minimize erasing! Untidy/illegible work will NOT be graded.
- (3) <u>Print your name</u> after acknowledging the student honor code. Write your name on each exam page in the space provided.
- (4) Use the back of the exam pages as scratch paper, if necessary.
- (5) If suspected of or caught cheating, you will receive at best an F for the exam. The instructor reserves the right to proceed further in compliance with university policies on academic violations.
- (6) You may not leave the room after the exam has started. Please leave quietly after you submit your exam to the TA or instructor.

Question 1 (20 points)

Complete the following syntheses [BEST yield of product(s)] starting with an appropriate alkene (in box) and the necessary reactants/reagents/solvents (above/below arrow). All chiral products are racemic mixtures (4 points each). Show stereochemistry of reactant ONLY IF RELEVANT!

(A)
$$Ph$$
 $C=C$ Ph H_2 , Pt/C Ph Ph CH_3 Ph CH_3 Ph (E) -isomer only! [NOTE: Ph stands for Phenyl]

(B) BH_3/THF

(B) OH

(C)
$$(\Xi)$$
-or (Ξ) - $($

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & \mathcal{B}_{\mathcal{R}_{2}} \\
 & \mathcal{H}_{2}O
\end{array}$$
OH
OH

(E)
$$\begin{array}{c|c} \hline & 1) & O_3 \\ \hline & z) & \left(CH_3\right)_2 S \end{array}$$

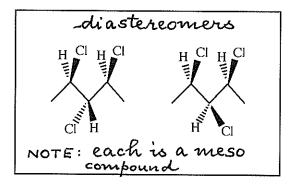
Page 3

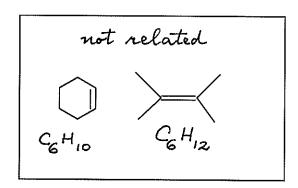
(PRINTED) Last Wame, First Name

Question 2 (14 points)

Write correct IUPAC names for the compounds shown below:

Label the pairs of molecules shown below as constitutional isomers, diastereomers, enantiomers, identical, or not related. Write each label inside the box.

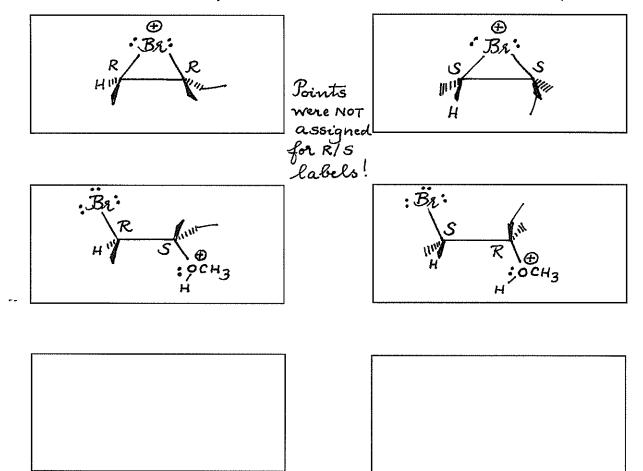




Question 3 (15 points)

Draw the structure of (E)-3-methyl-2-pentene and show all **major** stereoisomeric products formed when it reacts with Br₂ in CH₃OH. Show stereochemistry using wedges and dashes.

Draw the structures of ALL the intermediates from (E)-3-methyl-2-pentene that lead to the stereoisomeric products that you have shown in the box at the top right. Show stereochemistry using wedges and dashes, as well as lone pairs and formal charges where relevant. (The boxes shown below help to organize your answers and DO NOT necessarily reflect the number of intermediates formed in this reaction).



Page	5
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Question 4A (20 points)

Mult	tiple Choice (4 points each): Selec	t the best a	nswer to	each question.		
(I)	Predict the unsaturation number	for the hyd	rocarbo	n with the molec	cular formula (C ₆ H ₁₀ .
(A)	1 (B) 2	(C)	3	(D)	4	
(II)	Which alkene releases the most h	neat on com	nbustion	?		
(A)	(E)-3-Methyl-2-pentene	(B)	(Z)-3-	Methyl-2-pente	ne	
(C)	(E)-3-Hexene	(D)	(Z)-3-	Hexene		
(III)	What is the major product in the	reaction of	(E)-3-n	nethyl-2-pentene	with 1 M HN	IO₃?
(A)	2-Methyl-2-pentanol	(B)	3-Meth	yl-2-pentanol		
(C)	2-Methyl-3-pentanol	(D)	3-Meth	yl-3-pentanol		
(IV)	Which alkene, when reacted with 2-chloro-3-methylbutane (40%) a			-		
(A)	2-Methyl-1-butene		(B)	3-Methyl-1-bu	tene	
<u>(</u> C)	2-Methyl-2-butene		(D)	1-Pentene		

(V) Which dichlorobutane has a meso form?

(A) 1,2-Dichlorobutane

(B) 1,3-Dichlorobutane

(C) 1,4-Dichlorobutane

(D) 2,3-Dichlorobutane

Page 6	í
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Question 4B (20 points)

Multiple Choice (5 points each): Select the best answer to each question.

(VI)	Compound X, C ₅ H ₁₀ O, is optically active. This compound reacts with one equivalent of
	H ₂ in the presence of Pt/C and the hydrogenation product is optically active. What is the
	structure of compound X?

(A) CH₃CH(OH)CH₂CH=CH₂

- (B) H₂C=CHCH₂CH₂CH₂OH
- (C) cis-CH₃CH=CHCH₂CH₂OH
- (D) CH₃CH₂CH(OH)CH=CH₂
- (VII) Which reaction conditions would you select to convert 2-methyl-2-butene to 3-bromo-2-methylbutane?
- (A) Br₂ in CH₂Cl₂

(B) Br₂ in CH₃OH

(C) HBr

(D) HBr, peroxides

(VIII) Which reaction gives a single enantiomer of a chiral product?

- (A) (R)-4-methyl-1-hexene with HBr in the presence of peroxides
- (B) 1-methylcyclopentene on hydroboration, followed by H₂O₂, OH⁻
- (C) 1-methylcyclopentene with HBr
- (D) 1-methylcyclopentene with Br₂ in CH₂Cl₂
- -(IX) Which reaction produces an achiral product?
- (A) (R)-4-methyl-1-hexene with HBr in the presence of peroxides
- (B) 1-methylcyclopentene on hydroboration, followed by H₂O₂, OH
- (C) 1-methylcyclopentene with HBr
- (D) 1-methylcyclopentene with Br₂ in CH₂Cl₂

Question 5 (11 points)

Write the DETAILED mechanism for the <u>PROPAGATION STEPS</u> when 2-methyl-1-butene reacts with HBr in the presence of RO-OR. Please label your steps as **Step 1** and **Step 2**. Show the accepted arrow formalism and show all lone pairs, unpaired electrons, etc. as relevant, and the **stereochemistry of final product(s) using wedges and dashes**.

Use the data shown below and classify Steps 1 and 2 as exothermic or endothermic. Enter your answers in the grid provided.

Bond of Interest	Bond Energy (kJ/mol)
$H_2C=CH_2$ (double bond)	728
$H_2C=CH_2$ (π -bond)	243
(CH₃)₃C-H	404
C-Cl	350
C-Br	302
C-I	241
H-Cl	431
H-Br	368
H-I	297

- Reaction with	STEP 1	STEP 2
HCl	exothermic	endothermic
HBr	exothermic	exothermic
Н	endothermic	exothermic

Why does HBr react with 2-methyl-1-butene in the presence of peroxides while HCl and HI do not react under the exact same conditions? Your answer should be consistent with the results in your grid.

Both propagation steps must be exothermic for FR reaction!