## CHEM 3311 (Richardson) Final Exam – Dec. 18, 2017

Your Name: Key		Question	Score	Out of
		1		20
Student ID:		2		20
		3		45
Recitation (check one)	O 1:00 Mon (Zhenhao Chen)	4		20
O 8:00 Tue (Rachel Weintraub)	O 11:00 Tue (Patrick Li)	5		20
O 2:00 Tue (Zhenhao Chen)	O 1:00 Wed (Zepeng Lei)	6		40 、
O 3:00 Wed (Rachel Weintraub)	O 9:00 Thu (Rachel Weintraub)	7		20
O 12:00 Thu (Patrick Li)	O 3:00 Thu (Zepeng Lei)	8		15
O 2:00 Fri (Rachel Weintraub)	O 3:00 Fri (Rachel Weintraub)	9		15 e.c.
		Total		200

This is a closed-book exam. The use of notes, calculators, or cell phones will not be allowed during the exam. You may use models sets brought in a clear ziplock bag. Use the backs of the pages for scratch work. If your final answer is not clearly specified, you will lose points. For mechanisms, show all intermediates including correct formal charges, but do not show transition states.

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Average: 149,7.

St. Dev: 40.3

Max: 207

Min: 6

pKa Values

HI	-10	CH₃COOH	4.7	ArOH	10	$H_2$	35
HBr	-8	$HN_3$	4.7	RSH	10-12	NH <sub>3</sub>	36
HCl	-6	H <sub>2</sub> S	7.0	H <sub>2</sub> O	15.7	H <sub>2</sub> C=CH <sub>2</sub>	45
H <sub>3</sub> O <sup>+</sup>	-1.7	NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	9.3	ROH (R=alkyl)	16-18	CH <sub>4</sub>	60
HF	3.2	HCN	9.4	НС≡СН	26		

1) Treatment of 1,2,2-trimethylcycloheptanol with H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> gives a mixture of 1,7,7-trimethylcycloheptene and 1-*tert*-butylcyclohexene as the two major products. Write a reasonable mechanism to show how each of these products is formed. (20 pts)

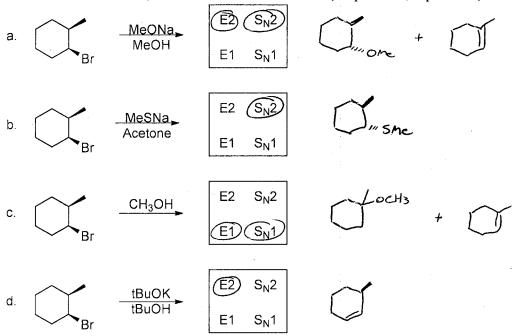
2) You have found a mysterious bottle in your lab bench. The label is too covered in weird stains to be legible, but your research advisor assures you that this compound is vital to the success of your career as a chemistry grad student and you must identify its structure. Since the NMR is not available, you perform a few reactions and observe the following results.

Mystery Bottle 
$$\frac{H_2, Pd/C}{D}$$
 bicyclo[2.2.2]octane  $\rightarrow$  Mystery Bottle  $\frac{1) OsO_4, TMAO}{2) HIO_4}$   $\stackrel{O}{H}$ 

What is the structure of the compound in this mystery bottle? (20 pts)

3) Find a way to synthesize the desired product from the given starting material. If more than one step is necessary, show the product of each step. Do not show mechanisms. (45 pts; 15 pts each)

4) For each of the reactions shown below, **circle the mechanism(s)** you would expect to see, if any, and **draw the product(s)**. If a product has stereocenters, show its configuration using wedges and dashes. If two stereoisomers are formed, show both of them. If an elimination occurs, show only the major alkene product. If none of the mechanisms would take place in a reasonable time frame, write NR for No Reaction. (20 pts total; 5 pts each)



5) The reaction shown below was observed to occur in water. (20 pts)

$$H_2O, \Delta$$

a. Draw a reasonable mechanism for this reaction. (18 pts)

b. Is this reaction awesome? Circle one answer. (2 pts)







6) Predict the product of the following reactions, and choose the appropriate descriptor (reduction, oxidation, or neither) for what happens to the organic molecule during each reaction. You do not need to show stereochemistry. (40 pts; 4 pts each)

a. 
$$OH HIO_4$$
 Oxidation

b.  $OH PCC CH_2Cl_2$  NR Neither

e. 
$$\frac{1) O_3}{2) H_2O}$$
  $OH$   $Oxidation$ 

## 7) Four compounds are shown below. (20 pts)

a. Which of these compounds can be synthesized as the major product of hydroboration-oxidation? Show the precursor alkene for each alcohol that can be prepared this way. (10 pts)

b. Which of these compounds can be synthesized as the major product of oxymercuration-reduction? Show the precursor alkene for each alcohol that can be prepared this way. (10

8) In the structure shown below, label each stereocenter as R or S. (15 pts)

9) Extra credit! Three different alkanes are constitutional isomers, all with the formula C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>12</sub>. When treated with chlorine and UV light, under conditions that lead to monochlorination, isomer A gives a single product, isomer B (which contains a quaternary carbon) gives a mixture of three products, and isomer C gives a mixture of four products. Based on this information, draw the structures of all three isomers, and draw each of the monochlorination products that they form. (15 pts extra credit)